

### Chapter 3: Verbs and verb phrases

**Lexical verbs** معجمية افعال : walk, write, play, etc.

**Auxiliary : can be divided into :**

a- **Primary:** do, have, be

b- **Modal:** can, may, shall, will, might, could, should, would, etc.

A lexical verb has five forms:

(1) **Base:** ex: call, go, write

**Functions:**

a) All the present tense except 3d person singular: I/you/we/they call

b) Imperative الامر حالة : call at once!

c) Subjective الشرط حالة : He demanded that she *call* him.

d) The bare infinitive المصدر المجرد : He may *call*. And the to-infinitive to

مع مصدر

He wants to call her.

(2) –s form (3rd person singular present): calls, walks, goes, etc. He/she/it

*calls*

every day

(3) Past: called, went, ate (V-ed1): He called yesterday. They went

(4) -ing participle (present participle اسم الفاعل ): calling, drinking, going

a) Progressive aspect (be+ V-ing) : He *is calling* in a moment

b) In –ing participle clauses: *Calling* early, I found her at home.

(5) –ed participle (past participle اسم المفعول ): called, gone, seen

- a) Perfective aspect (have/has + V-ed2): He has seen her
- b) Passive voice (be+V-ed2): He is *called* Jack
- c) In *-ed* participle clauses: *Called* early, he had a quick breakfast.

### The *-ing* and *-s* forms

The *-ing* can be used as:

**Progressive** زمن مستمر : He is calling me now

**Past participle** اسم مفعول : calling early, I found her at home.

*-s* has three spoken realizations: /iz/; /z/; and /s/: للفظ طرق ثلاثة لها

- 1) Pronounced /iz/ after bases ending in voiced or voiceless sibilants and spelled *-es* unless the base already ends in *-e*. Ex: pass~passes; buzz~buzzes; budge~budges

/iz/ الأساسية الام الكلمة بعد base (صغيري بصوت تنتهي سوى s او z) غير او صوتي

تُلفظ

فيها القاعدة تكون مال ، صوتي e- .بالاساس

- 2) Pronounced /z/ and spell *-s* after bases ending in other voiced sounds.

Ex:

flow~flows; call~calls

يُلفظ /z/ يُهجى و s- . صوتية اصوات ب تنتهي اساسية كلمات بعد

- 3) Pronounced /s/ and spelled *-s* after bases ending in other voiceless sounds.

Ex: cut~cuts; lock~locks.

يُلفظ /s/ يُهجى و s- . صوتية لا باصوات تنتهي اساسية كلمات بعد